

**Hazard Communication Act Compliance**

Jubilee Academic Center (the “School”) is concerned about the safety of all employees. The Superintendent or designee shall adopt procedures and perform the following duties in compliance with the Texas Hazard Communication Act:

- Post and maintain the notice promulgated by the Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS) in the workplace.
- Provide an education and training program for employees using or handling hazardous chemicals under normal operating conditions or foreseeable emergencies.
- Maintain the written hazard communication program and a record of each training session to employees, including the date, a roster of the employees who attend, the subjects covered in the training session, and the names of the instructors. Records will be maintained for at least five years.
- Compile and maintain a workplace chemical list that includes required information for each hazardous chemical normally present in the workplace or temporary workplace in excess of 55 gallons or 500 pounds, or as determined by the TDSHS for certain highly toxic or dangerous hazardous chemicals. The list will be readily available to employees and their representatives.
- Update the list as necessary, but at least by December 31 each year, and maintain the list as required by law. Each workplace chemical list shall be dated and signed by the person responsible for compiling the information.
- As required by law, label new or existing stocks of hazardous chemicals with the identity of the chemical and appropriate hazard warnings, if such stocks are not already appropriately labeled.
- Maintain a legible copy of the most current manufacturer’s material safety data sheets (“MSDS”) for each hazardous chemical; request such sheets from the manufacturer if not already provided or otherwise obtain a current MSDS; make such sheets readily available to employees or their representatives on request.
- Provide employees with appropriate personal protective equipment.

The Superintendent or designee shall notify employees of any planned pest control treatment by both of the following methods:

- Posting the sign provided by the certified applicator or technician in an area of common access the employees are likely to check on a regular basis at least 48 hours before each planned treatment.
- Providing the official Structural Pest Control Service Consumer Information Sheet to any individual working in the building, on request.

**Bloodborne Pathogen Control**

The Superintendent or designee shall establish a written Exposure Control Plan designed to eliminate or minimize exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials, as defined by 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030.

The Exposure Control Plan shall contain at least the following elements:

1. An exposure determination containing:
  - (a) A list of all job classifications in which all employees in those job classifications have occupational exposure;
  - (b) A list of job classifications in which some employees have occupational exposure; and
  - (c) A list of all tasks and procedures or groups of closely related task and procedures in which occupational exposure occurs and that are performed by employees in job classifications in which some employees have occupational exposure.
2. The schedule and method of implementation for the requirements set forth in 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030 regarding methods of compliance, HIV and HBV research laboratories and production facilities, Hepatitis B vaccination and post-exposure evaluation and follow-up, communication of hazards to employees, and recordkeeping; and
3. The procedure for the evaluation of circumstances surrounding exposure incidents as required by 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030.

The Exposure Control Plan shall be made accessible to all employees. The Superintendent or designee shall review and update the Exposure Control Plan at least annually and whenever necessary to reflect new or modified tasks and procedures that affect occupational exposure and to reflect new or revised employee positions with occupational exposure.

Where there is occupational exposure, the School shall provide, at no cost to employees, appropriate personal protective equipment. 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030.

**Pre-Employment Inquiries and Employment Entrance Examinations**

The School shall not conduct a medical examination or make inquiries of a job applicant as to whether such applicant is an individual with a disability or as to the nature or severity of a disability, except as provided below. However, the School is permitted to make pre-employment inquiries into the ability of an applicant to perform job-related functions, such as asking an applicant to describe or demonstrate how, with or without reasonable accommodation, the applicant will be able to perform job-related functions. 42 U.S.C. 12112(d)(2); 29 CFR 1630.14(a)

The School may require a medical examination (and/or inquiry) after an offer of employment has been made to a job applicant and prior to the beginning of employment duties and may condition the offer on the results of such examination (and/or inquiry), provided all entering employees in the same job category are subjected to such an examination (and/or inquiry) regardless of disability.

The results of an employment entrance medical examination shall be used only to determine the applicant's ability to perform job-related functions. 42 U.S.C. 12112(d)(3); 29 CFR 1630.14(b).

**Confidentiality**

Information obtained regarding the medical condition or history of the applicant shall be collected and maintained on separate forms and in separate medical files and shall be treated as confidential medical records. However, supervisors and managers may be informed regarding necessary restrictions on the employee's work or duties and necessary accommodation; first aid and safety personnel may be informed, when appropriate, if the disability might require emergency treatment. 29 CFR 1630.14(b)(c).

**Examination During Employment**

The School may require a medical examination (and/or inquiry) of an employee that is job related and consistent with business necessity and may make inquiries into the ability of an employee to perform job-related functions.

The results of an employee's medical examination shall be used only to determine the employee's ability to perform job-related functions. 42 U.S.C. 12112(d)(3)–(4); 29 CFR 1630.14(c).

**Examinations During Employment**

The Superintendent or designee may require an employee to undergo a medical examination if information received from the employee, the employee's supervisor, or other sources indicates the employee has a physical or mental impairment that:

1. Interferes with the employee's ability to perform essential job functions; or
2. Poses a direct threat to the health or safety of the employee or others. A communicable or other infectious disease may constitute a direct threat.

The School may designate the physician to perform the examination. If the School designates the physician, the School shall pay the cost of the examination. The School

may place the employee on paid administrative leave while awaiting results of the examination and evaluating the results.

Based on the results of the examination, the Superintendent or designee shall determine whether the employee has an impairment. If so, the Superintendent or designee shall determine whether the impairment interferes with the employee's ability to perform essential job functions or poses a direct threat. If not, the employee shall be returned to his or her job position.

If the impairment does interfere with the employee's ability to perform essential job functions or poses a direct threat, the Superintendent or designee shall determine whether the employee has a disability and, if so, whether the disability requires reasonable accommodation.

**Other Requirements**

Employees with communicable diseases shall follow recommendations of public health officials regarding contact with students and other employees. Food service workers shall comply with health requirements established by city, county, and state health authorities.